

2019-07



# **SCQ32GP12H1F1C-26V**

**288-Pin Parity Registered DDR4 SDRAM Modules  
EU RoHS Compliant**

## **Data Sheet**

**Rev. D**

Revision History:		
Date	Revision	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2018/12	A	Initial Release
2019/05	B	Modify the Package Dimensions
2019/07	C	Modify the Package Dimensions
2019/07	D	Modify the Package Dimensions

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# 1 Overview

This chapter gives an overview of the 288-pin Parity Registered DDR4 SDRAM modules product family and describes its main characteristics.

## 1.1 Features

- 288-Pin PC4-2666 Parity Registered DDR4 SDRAM memory modules.
- Dual rank 32GB (4096M x 72) module organization, by 36pcs 2048M x 4 chips organization.
- VDD = 1.2V  $\pm$ 60mV
- VPP = 2.5V (2.375V~2.75V)
- VDDSPD = 2.5V
- Frequency/CAS latency  
0.750ns @ CL = 19 (DDR4-2666)
- Programmable CAS latency 9, 10,11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, 17, 18,19 and 20 supported
- Programmable additive latency 0, CL-1, and CL-2 supported (x4/x8 only)
- Programmable CAS Write latency (CWL) = 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16,18
- Programmable burst length 4/8 with both nibble sequential and interleave mode
- BL switch on the fly
- Nominal and dynamic on-die termination (ODT) for strobe, and mask signals
- Low-power auto self refresh (LPASR)
- Data bus inversion (DBI) for data bus
- On-die VREFDQ generation and calibration
- 16 internal banks; 4 groups of 4 banks each
- Fixed burst chop (BC) of 4 and burst length (BL) of 8 via the mode register set (MRS)
- Gold edge contacts
- Halogen-free
- Fly-by topology
- Terminated control command and address bus
- Average Refresh Cycle (Tcase of 0 °C ~ 95 °C)
  - 7.8  $\mu$ s at 0 °C ~ 85 °C
  - 3.9  $\mu$ s at 85 °C ~ 95 °C

**TABLE 1**  
Module Performance Table

UniIC Speed Code		-26V	Unit	Note
DRAM Speed Grade	DDR4	-2666		
CAS-RCD-RP latencies		19-19-19	$t_{CK}$	
Min. RAS-CAS-Delay	$t_{RCD}$	13.75	ns	
Min. Row Precharge Time	$t_{RP}$	13.75	ns	
Min. Row Active Time	$t_{RAS}$	32	ns	
Min. Row Cycle Time	$t_{RC}$	45.75	ns	

## 1.2 Description

The UniIC SCQ32GP12H1F1C-26V module family are Parity Registered DIMM modules with 31.25mm height based on DDR4 technology. DIMMs are available in 32GB(4096M × 72) in organization and density, intended for mounting into 288-pin connector sockets.

The memory array is designed with 8 Gbit Double-Data-Rate-Four (DDR4) Synchronous DRAMs. Decoupling capacitors are mounted on the PCB board. The DIMMs feature serial presence detect based on a serial E<sup>2</sup>PROM device using the 2-pin I<sup>2</sup>C protocol.



**TABLE 2**  
Ordering Information

Product Type <sup>1)</sup>	Compliance Code <sup>2)</sup>	Description	SDRAM Technology
<b>PC4-2666 (19-19-19)</b>			
SCQ32GP12H1F1C-26V	32GB 2R×4 PC4-2666-19-19-19	2 Ranks	8Gbit (×4)

- 1) For detailed information regarding Product Type of UniIC please see chapter "Product Type Nomenclature" of this data sheet.  
2) The Compliance Code is printed on the module label and describes the speed grade, for example "PC4-2666-19-19-19" where 2666 means DIMM modules with 2666MHz data frequency and "19-19-19" means Column Address Strobe (CAS) latency=19, Row Column Delay (RCD) latency = 19 and Row Precharge (RP) latency = 19.

**TABLE 3**  
Address Format

DIMM Density	Module Organization	Memory Ranks	ECC/ Non-ECC	# of SDRAMs	# of row/bank/column bits
32GB	4096M × 72	2	ECC	36	17/2/10

**TABLE 4**  
Components on Modules

DRAM Components <sup>1)2)</sup>	DRAM Density	DRAM Organization
H5AN8G4NJJR-VKC	8Gbit	2048M × 4

- 1) Green Product  
2) For a detailed description of all functionalities of the DRAM components on these modules see the component data sheet.



## 2 Pin Configurations

### 2.1 Pin Configurations

The pin configuration of the 288-Pin Parity Registered DDR4 SDRAM DIMM is listed by function in [Table 5](#) (288 pins).

**Table 5**  
Pin Configuration RDIMM (288 pin)

Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back
1	NC	145	NC	39	VSS	183	DQ25	77	VTT	221	VTT	114	VSS	258	DQ47
2	VSS	146	VREFCA	40	DM3_n, DBI3_n, NC	184	VSS	KEY				115	DQ42	259	VSS
3	DQ4	147	VSS	41	NC	185	DQS3_c	78	EVENT_n	222	PARITY	116	VSS	260	DQ43
4	VSS	148	DQ5	42	VSS	186	DQS3_t	79	A0	223	VDD	117	DQ52	261	VSS
5	DQ0	149	VSS	43	DQ30	187	VSS	80	VDD	224	BA1	118	VSS	262	DQ53
6	VSS	150	DQ1	44	VSS	188	DQ31	81	BA0	225	A10/AP	119	DQ48	263	VSS
7	DM0_n, DBI0_n, NC	151	VSS	45	DQ26	189	VSS	82	RAS_n/A16	226	VDD	120	VSS	264	DQ49
8	NC	152	DQS0_c	46	VSS	190	DQ27	83	VDD	227	RFU	121	DM6_n, DBI6_n, NC	265	VSS
9	VSS	153	DQS0_t	47	CB4, NC	191	VSS	84	CS0_n	228	WE_n /A14	122	NC	266	DQS6_c
10	DQ6	154	VSS	48	VSS	192	CB5, NC	85	VDD	229	VDD	123	VSS	267	DQS6_t
11	VSS	155	DQ7	49	CB0, NC	193	VSS	86	CAS_n /A15	230	NC	124	DQ54	268	VSS
12	DQ2	156	VSS	50	VSS	194	CB1, NC	87	ODT0	231	VDD	125	VSS	269	DQ55
13	VSS	157	DQ3	51	DM8_n, DBI8_n, NC	195	VSS	88	VDD	232	A13	126	DQ50	270	VSS
14	DQ12	158	VSS	52	NC	196	DQS8_c	89	CS1_n	233	VDD	127	VSS	271	DQ51
15	VSS	159	DQ13	53	VSS	197	DQS8_t	90	VDD	234	NC	128	DQ60	272	VSS
16	DQ8	160	VSS	54	CB6, NC	198	VSS	91	ODT1	235	NC	129	VSS	273	DQ61
17	VSS	161	DQ9	55	VSS	199	CB7, NC	92	VDD	236	VDD	130	DQ56	274	VSS
18	DM1_n, DBI1_n, NC	162	VSS	56	CB2, NC	200	VSS	93	NC	237	NC	131	VSS	275	DQ57
19	NC	163	DQS1_c	57	VSS	201	CB3, NC	94	VSS	238	SA2	132	DM7_n, DBI7_n, NC	276	VSS
20	VSS	164	DQS1_t	58	RESET_n	202	VSS	95	DQ36	239	VSS	133	NC	277	DQS7_c
21	DQ14	165	VSS	59	VDD	203	CKE1	96	VSS	240	DQ37	134	VSS	278	DQS7_t
22	VSS	166	DQ15	60	CKE0	204	VDD	97	DQ32	241	VSS	135	DQ62	279	VSS

**Table 5**  
Pin Configuration RDIMM (288 pin)

Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back	Pin	Front	Pin	Back
23	DQ10	167	VSS	61	VDD	205	RFU	98	VSS	242	DQ33	136	VSS	280	DQ63
24	VSS	168	DQ11	62	ACT_n	206	VDD	99	DM4_n, DBI4_n, NC	243	VSS	137	DQ58	281	VSS
25	DQ20	169	VSS	63	BG0	207	BG1	100	NC	244	DQS4_c	138	VSS	282	DQ59
26	VSS	170	DQ21	64	VDD	208	ALERT_n	101	VSS	245	DQS4_t	139	SA0	283	VSS
27	DQ16	171	VSS	65	A12 /BC_n	209	VDD	102	DQ38	246	VSS	140	SA1	284	VDDSPD
28	VSS	172	DQ17	66	A9	210	A11	103	VSS	247	DQ39	141	SCL	285	SDA
29	DM2_n, DBI2_n, NC	173	VSS	67	VDD	211	A7	104	DQ34	248	VSS	142	VPP	286	VPP
30	NC	174	DQS2_c	68	A8	212	VDD	105	VSS	249	DQ35	143	VPP	287	VPP
31	VSS	175	DQS2_t	69	A6	213	A5	106	DQ44	250	VSS	144	RFU	288	VPP
32	DQ22	176	VSS	70	VDD	214	A4	107	VSS	251	DQ45				
33	VSS	177	DQ23	71	A3	215	VDD	108	DQ40	252	VSS				
34	DQ18	178	VSS	72	A1	216	A2	109	VSS	253	DQ41				
35	VSS	179	DQ19	73	VDD	217	VDD	110	DM5_n, DBI5_n, NC	254	VSS				
36	DQ28	180	VSS	74	CK0_t	218	CK1_t	111	NC	255	DQS5_c				
37	VSS	181	DQ29	75	CK0_c	219	CK1_c	112	VSS	256	DQS5_t				
38	DQ24	182	VSS	76	VDD	220	VDD	113	DQ46	257	VSS				

## 2.2 Pin Description

**TABLE 6**  
Pin Description

Pin Name	Description	Pin Name	Description
A0-A17	Register address input	SCL	I2C serial bus clock for SPD/TS and register
BA0, BA1	Register bank select input	SDA	I2C serial bus data line for SPD/TS and register
BG0, BG1	Register bank group select input	SA0-SA2	I2C slave address select for SPD/TS and register
RAS_n	Register row address strobe input	PAR	Register parity input
CAS_n	Register column address strobe input	VDD	SDRAM core power supply
WE_n	Register write enable input	VPP	SDRAM activating power supply
CS0_n, CS1_n, CS2_n, CS3_n	DIMM Rank Select Lines input	VREFCA	SDRAM command/address reference supply
CKE0, CKE1	Register clock enable lines input	VSS	Power supply return (ground)
ODT0, ODT1	Register on-die termination control lines input	VDDSPD	Serial SPD/TS positive power supply
ACT_n	Register input for activate input	ALERT_n	Register ALERT — n output
DQ0-DQ63	DIMM memory data bus	RESET_n	Set Register and SDRAMs to a Known State
CB0-CB7	DIMM ECC check bits	EVENT_n	SPD signals a thermal event has occurred
DQS0_t- DQS17_t	Data Buffer data strobes (positive line of differential pair)	VTT	SDRAM I/O termination supply
DQS0_c- DQS17_c	Data Buffer data strobes (negative line of differential pair)	RFU	Reserved for future use
CK0_t, CK1_t	Register clock input (positive line of differential pair)		
CK0_c, CK1_c	Register clocks input (negative line of differential pair)		



## 2.3 I/O Functional Description

**TABLE 7**  
 Input/Output Functional Description

Symbol	Type	Function
CK0_t, CK0_c, CK1_t, CK1_c	Input	Clock: CK_t and CK_c are differential clock inputs. All address and control input signals are sampled on the crossing of the positive edge of CK_t and negative edge of CK_c.
CKE0, CKE1	Input	Clock Enable: CKE HIGH activates and CKE LOW deactivates internal clock signals and device input buffers and output drivers. Taking CKE LOW provides Precharge Power-Down and Self-Refresh operation (all banks idle), or Active Power-Down (row Active in any bank). CKE is synchronous for Self-Refresh exit. After VREFCA and Internal DQ Vref have become stable during the power on and initialization sequence, they must be maintained during all operations (including Self-Refresh). CKE must be maintained high throughout read and write accesses. Input buffers, excluding CK_t, CK_c, ODT and CKE, are disabled during power-down. Input buffers, excluding CKE, are disabled during Self-Refresh.
CS0_n, CS1_n, CS2_n, CS3_n	Input	Chip Select: All commands are masked when CS-n is registered HIGH. CS_n provides for external Rank selection. CS_n is considered part of the command code.
C0, C1, C2	Input	Chip ID : Chip ID is only used for 3DS for 2,4,8 high stack via TSV to select each slice of stacked component. Chip ID is considered part of the command code.
ODT0, ODT1	Input	On Die Termination: ODT (registered HIGH) enables RTT_NOM termination resistance internal to the DDR4 SDRAM. When enabled, ODT is only applied to each DQ, DQS_t, DQS_c, TDQS_t and TDQS_c signal. The ODT pin will be ignored if MR1 is programmed to disable RTT_NOM.
ACT_n	Input	Activation Command Input: ACT_n defines the Activation command being entered along with CS_n. The input into RAS_n/A16, CAS_n/A15 and WE_n/A14 will be considered as Row Address A16, A15 and A14
RAS_n/A16. CAS n/A15. WE_n/A14	Input	Command Inputs: RAS_n/A16, CAS_n/A15 and WE_n/A14 (along with CS_n) define the command being entered. Those pins have multi function. For example, for activation with ACT_n Low, these are Addresses like A16, A15 and A14 but for non-activation command with ACT_n High, these are Command pins for Read, Write and other command defined in command truth table
BG0 - BG1	Input	Bank Group Inputs: BG0 - BG1 define which bank group an Active, Read, Write or Precharge command is being applied. BG0 also determines which mode register is to be accessed during a MRS cycle.
BA0 - BA1	Input	Bank Address Inputs: BA0 - BA1 define to which bank an Active, Read, Write or Precharge command is being applied. Bank address also determines which mode register is to be accessed during a MRS cycle.

**TABLE7**  
Input/Output Functional Description

Symbol	Type	Function
A0 - A17	Input	Address Inputs: Provide the row address for ACTIVATE Commands and the column address for Read/Write commands to select one location out of the memory array in the respective bank. A10/AP, A12/BC_n, RAS_n/A16, CAS_n/A15 and WE_n/A14 have additional functions. See other rows. The address inputs also provide the op-code during Mode Register Set commands. A17 is only defined for 16 Gb x4 SDRAM configurations.
A10 / AP	Input	Auto-precharge: A10 is sampled during Read/Write commands to determine whether Autoprecharge should be performed to the accessed bank after the Read/Write operation. (HIGH: Autoprecharge; LOW: no Autoprecharge). A10 is sampled during a Precharge command to determine whether the Precharge applies to one bank (A10 LOW) or all banks (A10 HIGH). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by bank addresses.
A12/BC_n	Input	Burst Chop: A12/BC_n is sampled during Read and Write commands to determine if burst chop (on-the-fly) will be performed. (HIGH, no burst chop; LOW: burst chopped). See command truth table for details.
RESET_n	CMOS	Active Low Asynchronous Reset: Reset is active when RESET_n is LOW, and inactive when RESET_n is HIGH. RESET_n must be HIGH during normal operation.
DQ	Input/	Data Input/ Output: Bi-directional data bus. If CRC is enabled via Mode register then CRC code is added at the end of Data Burst. Any DQ from DQ0-DQ3 may indicate the internal Vref level during test via Mode Register Setting MR4 A4=High. Refer to vendor specific data sheets to determine which DQ is used.
DQS0_t- DQS17_t, DQS0_c- DQS17_c	Input/ Output	Data Strobe: output with read data, input with write data. Edge-aligned with read data, centered in write data. The data strobe DQS_t is paired with differential signals DQS_c, respectively, to provide differential pair signaling to the system during reads and writes. DDR4 SDRAM supports differential data strobe only and does not support single-ended.
PAR	Input	Command and Address Parity Input: DDR4 Supports Even Parity check in SDRAMs with MR setting. Once it's enabled via Register in MR5, then SDRAM calculates Parity with ACT_n, RAS_n/A16, CAS_n/A15, WE_n/A14, BG0-BG1, BA0-BA1, A17-A0. Input parity should be maintained at the rising edge of the clock and at the same time with command & address with CS_n LOW
ALERT_n	Output  (Input)	Alert: It has multi functions such as CRC error flag, Command and Address Parity error flag as Output signal. If there is error in CRC, then ALERT_n goes LOW for the period time interval and goes back HIGH. If there is error in Command Address Parity Check, then ALERT_n goes LOW for relatively long period until ongoing SDRAM internal recovery transaction is complete. During Connectivity Test mode this pin functions as an input.  Using this signal or not is dependent on the system. If the SDRAM ALERT_n pins are not connected to the ALERT_n pin on the edge connector is must still be connected to VDD on DIMM.
RFU		Reserved for Future Use: No on DIMM electrical connection is present
NC		No Connect: No on DIMM electrical connection is present

## 3 General Description

### 3.1 General Description

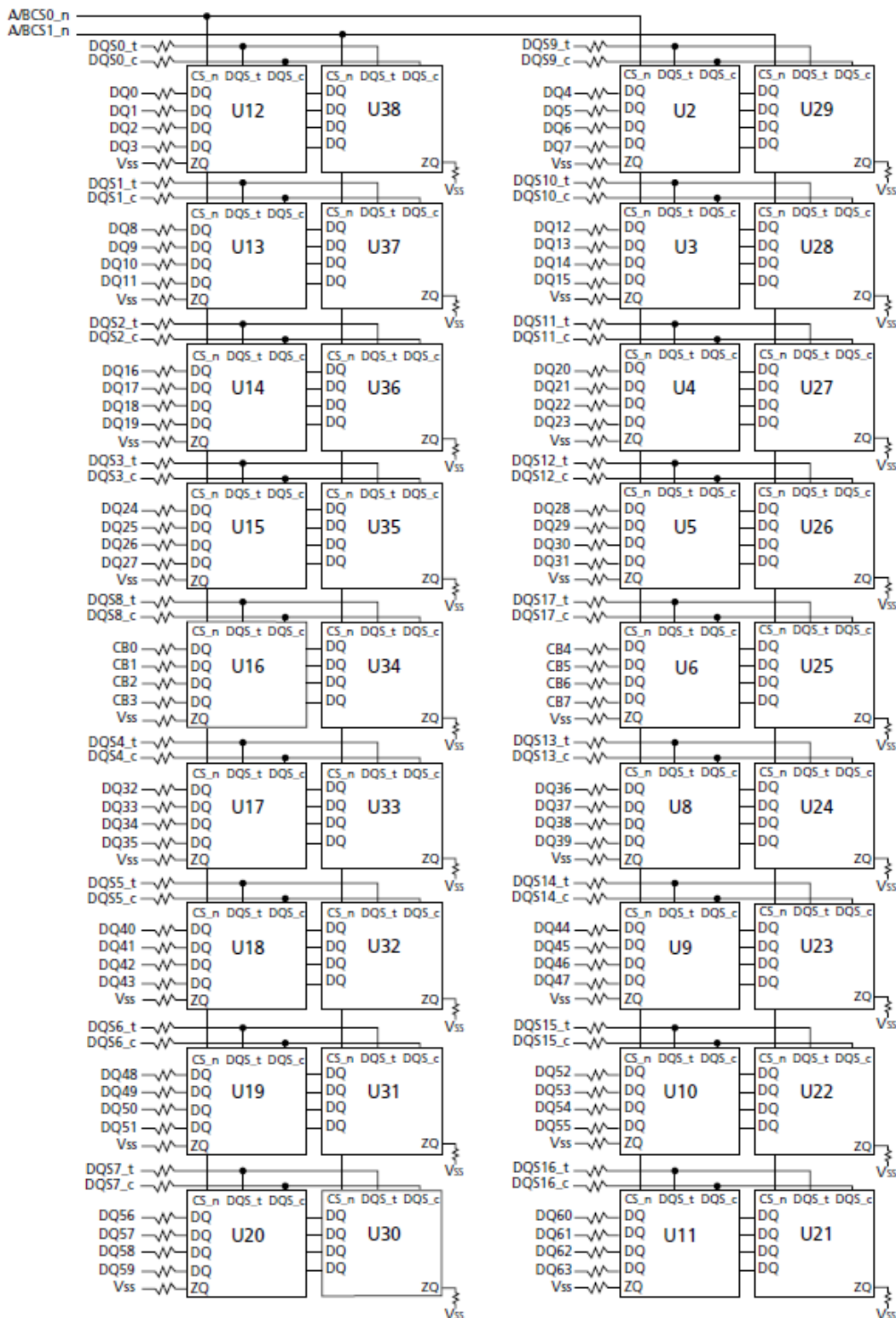
High-speed DDR4 SDRAM modules use DDR4 SDRAM devices with 2 or 4 internal memory bank groups. DDR4 SDRAM modules utilizing 4- and 8-bit-wide DDR4 SDRAM have 4 internal bank groups consisting of 4 memory banks each, providing a total of 16 banks. Sixteen-bit-wide DDR4 SDRAM has 2 internal bank groups consisting of 4 memory banks each, providing a total of 8 banks. DDR4 SDRAM modules benefit from DDR4 SDRAM's use of an 8n-prefetch architecture with an interface designed to transfer two data words per clock cycle at the I/O pins. A single READ or WRITE operation for the DDR4 SDRAM effectively consists of a single 8n-bit-wide, four-clock data transfer at the internal DRAM core and eight corresponding n-bit wide, one-half-clock-cycle data transfers at the I/O pins.

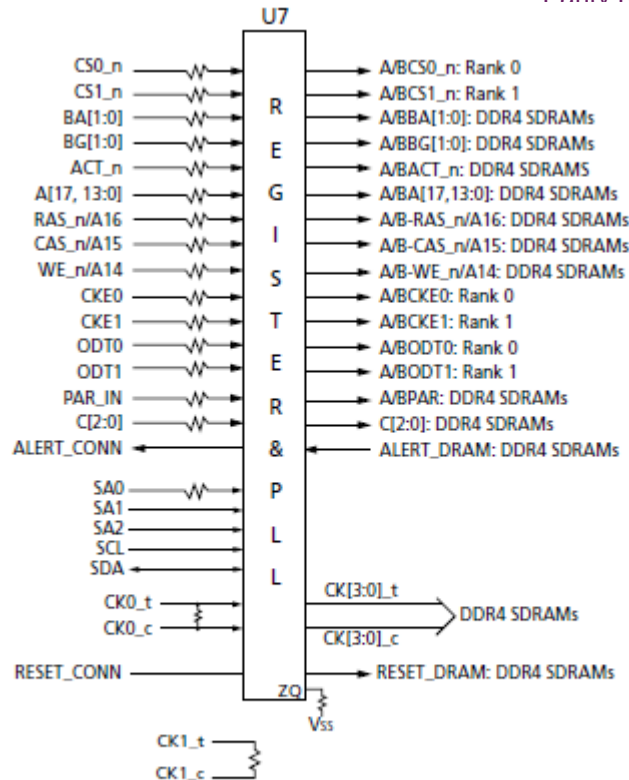
DDR4 modules use two sets of differential signals: DQS, DQS# to capture data and CK and CK# to capture commands, addresses, and control signals. Differential clocks and data strobes ensure exceptional noise immunity for these signals and provide precise crossing points to capture input signals.

### 3.2 Serial Presence-Detect EEPROM Operation

DDR4 SDRAM modules incorporate serial presence-detect. The SPD data is stored in a 512-byte EEPROM. System READ/WRITE operations between the master (system logic) and the slave EEPROM device occur via a standard I2C bus using the DIMM's SCL (clock) SDA (data), and SA (address) pins. Write protect (WP) is connected to VSS, permanently disabling hardware write protection.

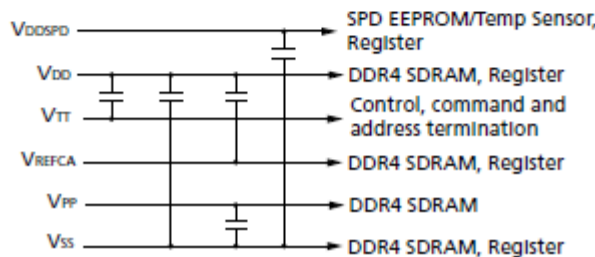
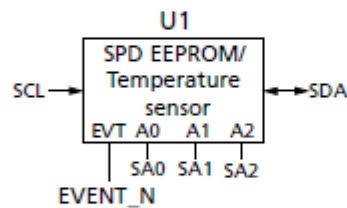
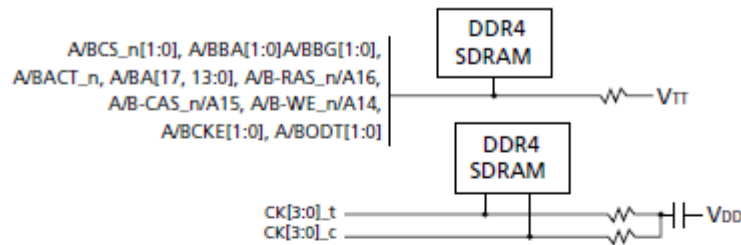
### 3.3 Function Block Diagram





Rank 0: U2-U6, U8-U20  
Rank 1: U21-38

Command, control, address, and clock line terminations:



### 3.4 DQ Map

**TABLE 8**  
 DQ Map\_Rank0

Module Pin No.	Module DQ	Damping RES.	IC No.	IC DQ	Module Pin No.	Module DQ	Damping RES.	IC No.	IC DQ
5	0	R19	U12	3	16	8	R25	U13	3
150	1	R181		1	161	9	R175		1
12	2	R23		2	23	10	R29		0
157	3	R177		0	168	11	R170		2
3	4	R18	U2	3	14	12	R24	U3	3
148	5	R183		1	159	13	R176		1
10	6	R22		2	21	14	R28		2
155	7	R178		0	166	15	R171		0
27	16	R31	U14	0	38	24	R37	U15	0
172	17	R168		2	183	25	R161		2
34	18	R35		1	45	26	R41		1
179	19	R164		3	190	27	R157		3
25	20	R30	U4	3	36	28	R36	U5	3
170	21	R169		1	181	29	R162		1
32	22	R34		2	43	30	R40		2
177	23	R165		0	188	31	R158		0
49	CB0	R43	U16	0	97	32	R68	U1	0
194	CB1	R154		2	242	33	R131		2
56	CB2	R47		1	104	34	R72		1
201	CB3	R150		3	249	35	R127		3
47	CB4	R42	U6	3	95	36	R67	U8	3
192	CB5	R155		1	240	37	R132		1
54	CB6	R46		2	102	38	R71		2
199	CB7	R151		0	247	39	R128		0
108	40	R74	U18	2	119	48	R81	U19	3
253	41	R125		0	264	49	R119		1
115	42	R79		1	126	50	R86		2
260	43	R121		3	271	51	R115		0
106	44	R73	U9	3	117	52	R80	U10	3
251	45	R126		1	262	53	R120		1
113	46	R78		2	124	54	R85		2
258	47	R122		0	269	55	R116		0
130	56	R88	U20	3					
275	57	R13		1					
137	58	R92		2					
282	59	R109		0					
128	60	R87	U11	3					
273	61	R114		1					
135	62	R91		2					
280	63	R110		0					

**TABLE 8**  
DQ Map Rank1

Module Pin No.	Module DQ	Damping RES.	IC No.	IC DQ	Module Pin No.	Module DQ	Damping RES.	IC No.	IC DQ
5	0	R19	U38	2	16	8	R25	U37	2
150	1	R181		0	161	9	R175		0
12	2	R23		3	23	10	R29		1
157	3	R177		1	168	11	R170		3
3	4	R18	U29	2	14	12	R24	U28	2
148	5	R183		0	159	13	R176		0
10	6	R22		3	21	14	R28		3
155	7	R178		1	166	15	R171		1
27	16	R31	U36	1	38	24	R37	U35	1
172	17	R168		3	183	25	R161		3
34	18	R35		0	45	26	R41		0
179	19	R164		2	190	27	R157		2
25	20	R30	U27	2	36	28	R36	U26	2
170	21	R169		0	181	29	R162		0
32	22	R34		3	43	30	R40		3
177	23	R165		1	188	31	R158		1
49	CB0	R43	U34	1	97	32	R68	U33	1
194	CB1	R154		3	242	33	R131		3
56	CB2	R47		0	104	34	R72		0
201	CB3	R150		2	249	35	R127		2
47	CB4	R42	U25	2	95	36	R67	U24	2
192	CB5	R155		0	240	37	R132		0
54	CB6	R46		3	102	38	R71		3
199	CB7	R151		1	247	39	R128		1
108	40	R74	U32	3	119	48	R81	U31	2
253	41	R125		1	264	49	R119		0
115	42	R79		0	126	50	R86		3
260	43	R121		2	271	51	R115		1
106	44	R73	U23	2	117	52	R80	U22	2
251	45	R126		0	262	53	R120		0
113	46	R78		3	124	54	R85		3
258	47	R122		1	269	55	R116		1
130	56	R88	U30	2					
275	57	R13		0					
137	58	R92		3					
282	59	R109		1					
128	60	R87	U21	2					
273	61	R114		0					
135	62	R91		3					
280	63	R110		1					

## 4 Electrical Characteristics

This chapter contains speed grade definition, AC timing parameter and ODT tables.

### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

**Attention: Stresses greater than those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.**

**TABLE 9**  
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
$V_{DD}$	Voltage on $V_{DD}$ pin relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.4	+1.5	V	
$V_{DDQ}$	Voltage on $V_{DDQ}$ pin relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.4	+1.5	V	
$V_{PP}$	Voltage on $V_{PP}$ pin relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.4	3.0	V	
$V_{IN}, V_{OUT}$	Voltage on any pin relative to $V_{SS}$	-0.4	+1.5	V	

Attention: Stresses above the max. values listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding only one of these values may cause irreversible damage to integrated circuit.

**TABLE 10**  
Module Environmental Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Operating temperature (ambient)	$T_{OPR}$	0	+65	°C	
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	- 50	+100	°C	
Barometric Pressure (operating & storage)	PBar	+69	+105	kPa	1)

1) Up to 3000m.



**TABLE 11**
**DRAM Component Operating Temperature Range**

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
$T_{CASE}$	Operating Temperature	0	95	°C	1)2)3)4)

- 1) Operating Temperature is the case surface temperature on the center / top side of the DRAM.
- 2) The operating temperature ranges are the temperatures where all DRAM specification will be supported. During operation, the DRAM case temperature must be maintained between 0 - 95 °C under all other specification parameters.
- 3) Above 85 °C the Auto-Refresh command interval has to be reduced to  $t_{REFI} = 3.9 \mu s$
- 4) When operating this product in the 85 °C to 95 °C  $T_{CASE}$  temperature range, the High Temperature Self Refresh has to be enabled by setting EMR(2) bit A7 to "1". When the High Temperature Self Refresh is enabled there is an increase of  $I_{DD6}$  by approximately 50%

## 4.2 Operating Conditions

**TABLE 12**
**Supply Voltage Levels and AC / DC Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Device Supply Voltage	$V_{DD}$	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	1),2),3)
Output Supply Voltage	$V_{DDQ}$	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	1),2),3)
Peak-to-Peak Voltage	$V_{PP}$	2.375	2.5	2.75	V	3)
Input Reference Voltage	$V_{REF}$	$0.49 \times V_{DD}$	$0.5 \times V_{DDQ}$	$0.51 \times V_{DD}$	V	
DC Input Logic High	$V_{IH,CA}(DC75)$	$V_{REFCA} + 0.065$	—	$V_{DD}$	V	
DC Input Logic Low	$V_{IL,CA}(DC75)$	$V_{SS}$	—	$V_{REFCA} - 0.065$	V	
AC Input Logic High	$V_{IH,CA}(AC100)$	$V_{REF} + 0.09$	—		V	
AC Input Logic Low	$V_{IL,CA}(AC100)$		—	$V_{REF} - 0.09$	V	

**Notes:**

- 1) Under all conditions  $V_{DDQ}$  must be less than or equal to  $V_{DD}$ .
- 2)  $V_{DDQ}$  tracks with  $V_{DD}$ . AC parameters are measured with  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDQ}$  tied together.
- 3) DC bandwidth is limited to 20MHz.

### 4.3 Module and Component Speed Grades

DDR4 components may exceed the listed module speed grades; module may not be available in all listed speed grades

<b>TABLE 13</b>	
<b>Module and Component Speed Grades</b>	
<b>Module Speed Grade</b>	<b>Component Speed Grade</b>
-26V	2666MHz

## 4.4 $I_{DD}$ Specifications and Conditions

List of tables defining  $I_{DD}$  Specifications and Conditions.

<b>TABLE 14</b>	
$I_{DD}$ Measurement Conditions	
<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>
IDD0	Operating One Bank Active-Precharge Current (AL=0)  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, nRC, nRAS, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: High between ACT and PRE; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling; Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: Cycling with one bank active at a time: 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD1	Operating One Bank Active-Read-Precharge Current (AL=0)  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, nRC, nRAS, nRCD, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: High between ACT, RD and PRE; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs, Data IO: partially toggling; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: Cycling with one bank active at a time: 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD2N	Precharge Standby Current (AL=0)  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: stable at 1; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling ; Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks closed; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD2NT	Precharge Standby ODT Current  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: stable at 1; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling ; Data IO: VSSQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks closed; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: toggling according ; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD2P	Precharge Power-Down Current CKE: Low; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: stable at 1; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: stable at 0; Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks closed; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0
IDD2Q	Precharge Quiet Standby Current  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: stable at 1; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: stable at 0; Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks closed; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0

**TABLE 14**  
*I*<sub>DD</sub> Measurement Conditions

Symbol	Description
IDD3N	Active Standby Current  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: stable at 1; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks open; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD3P	Active Power-Down Current  CKE: Low; External clock: On; tCK, CL: sRefer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: stable at 1; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: stable at 0; Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks open; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0
IDD4R	Operating Burst Read Current  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>2</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: High between RD; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling ; Data IO: seamless read data burst with different data between one burst and the next one according ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks open, RD commands cycling through banks: 0,0,1,1,2,2,... ; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD4W	Operating Burst Write Current  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: High between WR; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling ; Data IO: seamless write data burst with different data between one burst and the next one ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: all banks open, WR commands cycling through banks: 0,0,1,1,2,2,...; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at HIGH; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD5B	Burst Refresh Current (1X REF)  CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, CL, nRFC: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n: High between REF; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling ; Data IO: VDDQ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: REF command every nRFC ; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD6N	Self Refresh Current: Normal Temperature Range  Tcase: 0 - 85°C; Low Power Array Self Refresh (LP ASR) : Normal <sup>4</sup> ; CKE: Low; External clock: Off; CK_t and CK_c#: LOW; CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n#, Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address, Data IO: High; DM n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: Self-Refresh operation; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: MIDLEVEL
IDD6N	Self-Refresh Current: Extended Temperature Range)  TCASE: 0 - 95°C; Low Power Array Self Refresh (LP ASR) : Extended <sup>4</sup> ; CKE: Low; External clock: Off; CK_t and CK_c: LOW; CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n, Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address, Data IO: High; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: Extended Temperature Self-Refresh operation; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: MID-LEVEL

**TABLE 14**  
*I*<sub>DD</sub> Measurement Conditions

Symbol	Description
IDD6R	Self-Refresh Current: Reduced Temperature Range TCASE: 0 - 45°C; Low Power Array Self Refresh (LP ASR) : Reduced <sup>4</sup> ; CKE: Low; External clock: Off; CK_t and CK_c#: LOW; CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n#, Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address, Data IO: High; DM_n:stable at 1; Bank Activity: Extended Temperature Self-Refresh operation; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: MID-LEVEL
IDD6A	Auto Self-Refresh Current TCASE: 0 - 95°C; Low Power Array Self Refresh (LP ASR) : Auto <sup>4</sup> ; CKE: Low; External clock: Off; CK_t and CK_c#: LOW; CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: 0; CS_n#, Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address, Data IO: High; DM_n:stable at 1; Bank Activity: Auto Self-Refresh operation; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: MID-LEVEL
IDD7	Operating Bank Interleave Read Current CKE: High; External clock: On; tCK, nRC, nRAS, nRCD, nRRD, nFAW, CL: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern; BL: 8 <sup>1</sup> ; AL: CL-1; CS_n: High between ACT and RDA; Command, Address, Bank Group Address, Bank Address Inputs: partially toggling ; Data IO: read data bursts with different data between one burst and the next one ; DM_n: stable at 1; Bank Activity: two times interleaved cycling through banks (0, 1, ...7) with different addressing; Output Buffer and RTT: Enabled in Mode Registers <sup>2</sup> ; ODT Signal: stable at 0; Pattern Details: Refer to Component Datasheet for detail pattern
IDD8	Maximum Power Down Current TBD

**Notes :**

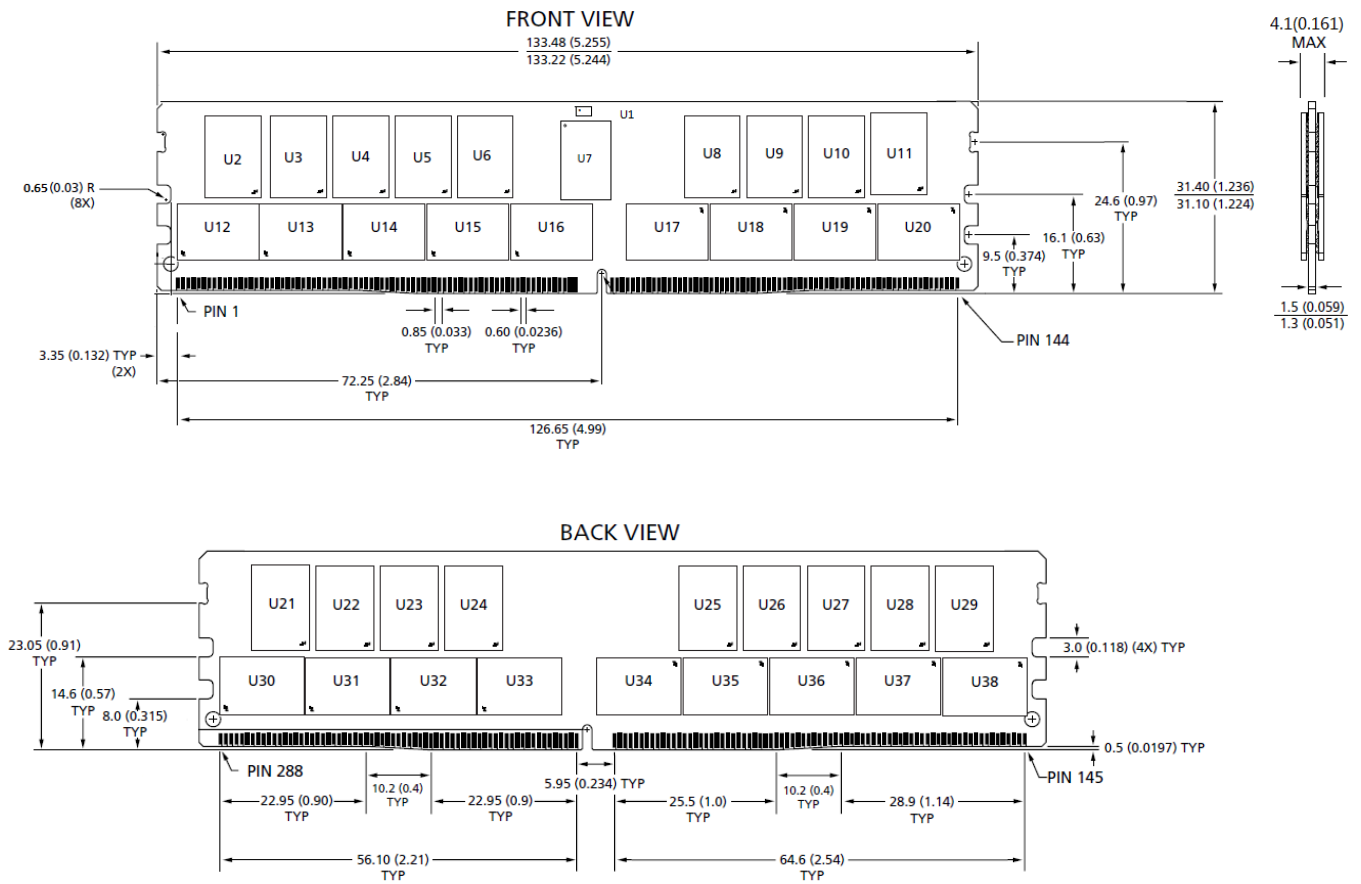
- Burst Length: BL8 fixed by MRS: set MR0 [A1:0=00].
- Output Buffer Enable - set MR1 [A12 = 0] : Qoff = Output buffer enabled - set MR1 [A2:1 = 00] : Output Driver Impedance Control = RZQ/7 RTT\_Nom enable - set MR1 [A10:8 = 011] : RTT\_NOM = RZQ/6 RTT\_WR enable - set MR2 [A10:9 = 01] : RTT\_WR = RZQ/2 RTT\_PARK disable - set MR5 [A8:6 = 000]
- CAL enabled : set MR4 [A8:6 = 001] : 1600MT/s 010] : 1866MT/s, 2133MT/s 011] : 2400MT/s Gear Down mode enabled :set MR3 [A3 = 1] : 1/4 Rate DLL disabled : set MR1 [A0 = 0] CA parity enabled :set MR5 [A2:0 = 001] : 1600MT/s,1866MT/s, 2133MT/s 010] : 2400MT/s Read DBI enabled : set MR5 [A12 = 1] Write DBI enabled : set :MR5 [A11 = 1]
- Low Power Array Self Refresh (LP ASR) : set MR2 [A7:6 = 00] : Normal 01] : Reduced Temperature range 10] : Extended Temperature range 11] : Auto Self Refresh

**TABLE 15**  
 IDD Specification for SCQ32GP12H1F1C-26V

Product Type	SCQ32GP12H1F1C-26V	Unit	Note <sup>1)2)</sup>
Organization	32GB		
	2 Rank (×4)		
	×72		
	-26V		
Symbol	Max.		
$I_{DD0}$	1062	mA	3)
$I_{DD1}$	1224	mA	3)
$I_{DD2N}$	1044	mA	4)
$I_{DD2NT}$	972	mA	3)
$I_{DD2P}$	684	mA	4)
$I_{DD2Q}$	864	mA	4)
$I_{DD3N}$	1692	mA	4)
$I_{DD3P}$	1368	mA	4)
$I_{DD4R}$	2538	mA	3)
$I_{DD4W}$	2430	mA	3)
$I_{DD5B}$	4392	mA	3)
$I_{DD6N}$	792	mA	4)
$I_{DD6E}$	1008	mA	4)
$I_{DD6R}$	504	mA	4)
$I_{DD6A}$	1008	mA	4)
$I_{DD7}$	4734	mA	3)
$I_{DD8}$	432	mA	4)

- 1) Calculated values from component data.
- 2)  $I_{DDX}(\text{rank}) = \text{Number of components} \times I_{DDX}(\text{component})$
- 3)  $I_{DDX} = I_{DDX}(\text{rank}) + (\text{Rank}-1) \times I_{DD2P}(\text{rank})$
- 4)  $I_{DDX} = \text{Rank} \times I_{DDX}(\text{rank})$

## 5. Package Dimensions



- Notes:
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches); MAX/MIN or typical (TYP) where noted.
  2. The dimensional diagram is for reference only.

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